

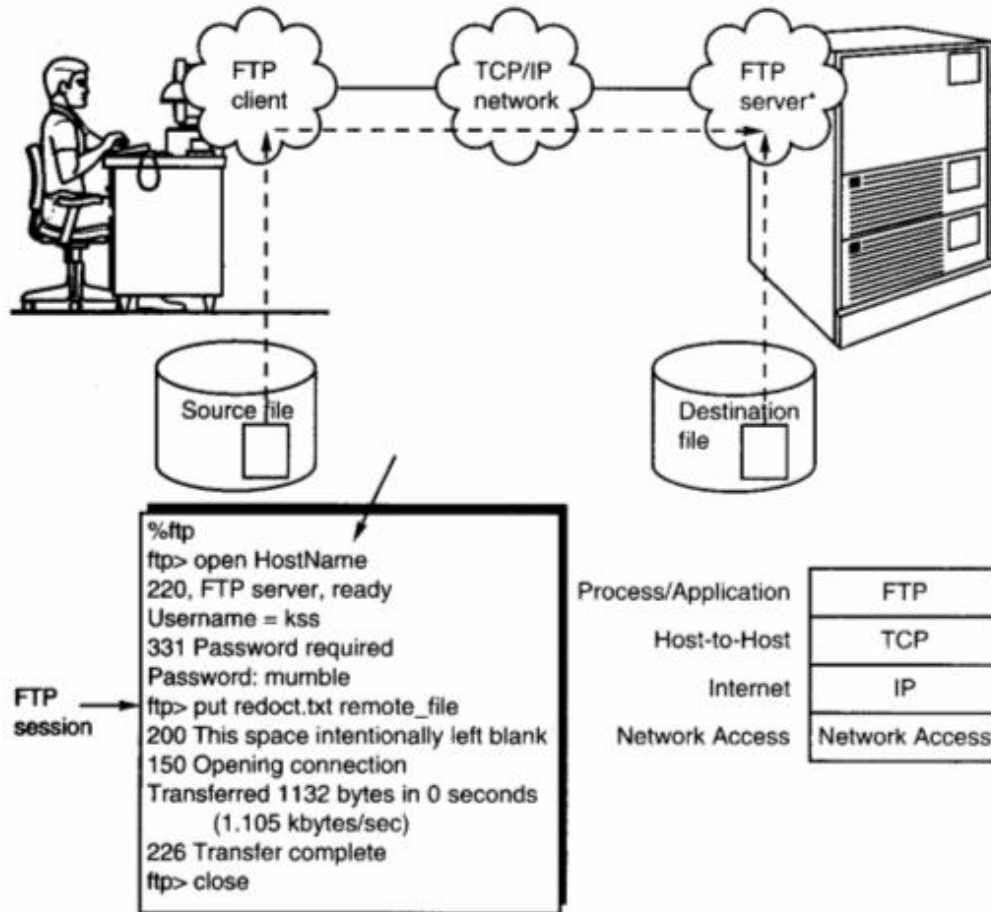
# Minggu 10

## FTP Server

# Pendahuluan

- FTP merupakan protokol yang digunakan untuk mengirim file
- Menggunakan protocol transport TCP, karena protokol ini memberikan garansi pengiriman dengan FTP yang dapat memungkinkan user mengakses file dan direktory secara interaktif, diantaranya :
  - Melihat daftar file pada direktory remote dan lokal.
  - Menganti nama dan menghapus file
  - Transfer file dari host remote ke lokal (download)
  - Transfer file dari host lokal ke remote (upload)

# Mekanisme FTP



# TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol)

- Merupakan transfer file antara dua host tanpa memerlukan pengenalan (authentication) terhadap user yang memakai.
- File dapat di transfer dengan hanya menunjukkan nama file tersebut.
- User-account dan password tidak diperlukan untuk transfer file dengan TFTP
- Biasanya perlu dibatasi jenis file yang dapat ditransfer, demikian juga implementasinya untuk akses dapat ditolak kecuali setiap user yang berada pada host dapat mengakses file.

# TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol)

- TFTP kebanyakan dipakai untuk menghubungkan workstation yang tidak memiliki diskdrive maupun harddisk ke server untuk mendownload boot-image dari sistem operasi pada saat booting.
- Router cisco menggunakan protokol ini untuk bertukar informasi tabel routing antar peralatan router yang ada.
- Protokol TFTP cukup kecil dan efisien untuk diterapkan pada Boot ROM didalam card jaringan yang dipasang pada workstation.
- Workstation Unix dari *Sun Microsystem* menggunakan TFTP untuk menghubungkan dengan RARP atau BOOTP yang dapat dipergunakan untuk menentukan alamat IP dari workstation tersebut pada saat meng-download sistem operasi untuk booting.

# Contoh Instalasi

## **PROSEDUR**

1. *Konfigurasi pada komputer FTP server*
  - a. cek IP address  
`#ifconfig`
  - b. cek FTP server sudah terinstall atau belum  
`#dpkg -l | grep proftpd`
  - c. cek FTP server apakah sudah port 21  
`#netstat - nlptu`
  - d. jika belum terinstall maka install paket proftpd dengan cara :  
`#apt-get install proftpd`

```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind# apt-get update
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick Release.gpg
Ign http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/main Translation-en_US
Ign http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/restricted Translation-en_US
Ign http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/universe Translation-en_US
Ign http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/multiverse Translation-en_US
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick Release
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/main Packages
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/restricted Packages
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/universe Packages
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/multiverse Packages
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/main Sources
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/restricted Sources
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/universe Sources
Hit http://kebo.vlsm.org maverick/multiverse Sources
Reading package lists... Done
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind# apt-cache search ftp|grep ^proftpd|more
proftpd-basic - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - binaries
proftpd-dev - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - development files
proftpd-doc - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - documentation
proftpd-mod-ldap - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - LDAP module
proftpd-mod-mysql - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - MySQL module
proftpd-mod-odbc - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - ODBC module
proftpd-mod-pgsql - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - PostgreSQL module
proftpd-mod-sqlite - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - SQLite3 module
proftpd - versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind#
```

```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind# apt-cache search ftp|grep ^proftpd|more
proftpd-basic - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - binaries
proftpd-dev - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - development files
proftpd-doc - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - documentation
proftpd-mod-ldap - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - LDAP module
proftpd-mod-mysql - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - MySQL module
proftpd-mod-odbc - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - ODBC module
proftpd-mod-pgsql - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - PostgreSQL module
proftpd-mod-sqlite - Versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon - SQLite3 module
proftpd - versatile, virtual-hosting FTP daemon
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind# apt-get install proftpd
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
proftpd is already the newest version.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1131 not upgraded.
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind#
```

```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind# nmap localhost

Starting Nmap 4.76 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2011-11-04 07:09 WIT
Warning: Hostname localhost resolves to 2 IPs. Using 127.0.0.1.
Interesting ports on localhost (127.0.0.1):
Not shown: 985 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
110/tcp   open  pop3
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
143/tcp   open  imap
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
631/tcp   open  ipp
901/tcp   open  samba-swat
2049/tcp  open  nfs
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5900/tcp  open  vnc

Nmap done: 1 IP address scanned
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/
```

```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
Connected to 10.252.12.244.
220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:10.252.12.244]
Name (10.252.12.244:hero): hero
331 Password required for hero
Password:
230 User hero logged in
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
drwxr-xr-x  3 hero  hero      4096 Nov 27  2010 adminduk
drwxr-xr-x  3 root  root      4096 Dec 14  2010 backup
drwxr-xr-x  3 hero  hero      4096 Nov 30  2010 coba
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Documents
-rw-r--r--  1 hero  hero       357 Nov 25  2010 examples.desktop
drwx-----  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 22  2010 library.java
drwx-----  5 hero  hero      4096 Dec 15  2010 Maildir
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Music
-rwx--x--x  1 hero  hero     250245120 Jul  2  2010 netbeans-6.9-ml-linux.sh
drwxr-xr-x  4 hero  hero      4096 Nov 27  2010 NetBeansProjects
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Pictures
drwx-----  6 hero  hero      4096 Jan  8  2011 program
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Public
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Oct  7  13:02 public_html
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Templates
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 25  2010 Videos
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero  hero      4096 Nov 26  2010 xml
226 Transfer complete
ftp>
```



```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
drwx----- 5 hero hero 4096 Dec 15 2010 Maildir
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 25 2010 Music
-rwx--x--x 1 hero hero 250245120 Jul 2 2010 netbeans-6.9-ml-linux.sh
drwxr-xr-x 4 hero hero 4096 Nov 27 2010 NetBeansProjects
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 25 2010 Pictures
drwx----- 6 hero hero 4096 Jan 8 2011 program
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 25 2010 Public
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Oct 7 13:02 public_html
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 25 2010 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 25 2010 Videos
drwxr-xr-x 2 hero hero 4096 Nov 26 2010 xml
226 Transfer complete
ftp> ?
Commands may be abbreviated.  Commands are:
!          debug          mdir          qc           send
$          dir             mget         sendport    site
account   disconnect      mkdir        put         size
append    exit            mls          pwd          status
ascii     form            mode         quit        struct
bell      get             modtime      quote       system
binary    glob            mput        recv        sunique
bye       hash            newer        reget       tenex
case      help            nmap         rstatus     tick
cd         idle            nlist        rhelp       trace
cdup      image           ntrans      rename      type
chmod     lcd             open         reset       user
close     ls              prompt       restart     umask
cr        macdef          passive      rmdir       verbose
delete    mdelete        proxy        runique     ?
ftp> █
```

```
root@ubuntu: /var/cache/bind
root@ubuntu:/var/cache/bind# ftp 10.252.12.244
Connected to 10.252.12.244.
220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:10.252.12.244]
Name (10.252.12.244:hero): hero
331 Password required for hero
Password:
230 User hero logged in
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> put ?
local: ? remote: ?
local: ?: No such file or directory
ftp> ? put
put                send one file
ftp> ? get
get                receive file
ftp> █
```

Setelah terinstal paket proftpd selanjutnya adalah konfigurasi file proftpd untuk memberikan rule-rule ftp pada file /etc/proftpd/proftpd.conf, lakukan perintah berikut pada console

```
# vi /etc/proftpd/proftpd.conf
```

Setelah itu akan ditampilkan isi file konfigurasi proftpd.conf, kemudian edit/konfigurasi isi file sebagai berikut

```
# /etc/proftpd.conf -- This is a basic ProFTPD configuration
file.
# To really apply changes reload proftpd after modifications.
#

ServerName      "Debian"
ServerType      standalone
DeferWelcome    off

MultilineRFC2228 on
DefaultServer   on
ShowSymlinks    on

TimeoutNoTransfer 600
TimeoutStalled   600
TimeoutIdle      1200
```

```
DisplayLogin          welcome.msg
DisplayFirstChdir    .message
ListOptions          "-l"

DenyFilter    \*.*/*

# Uncomment this if you are using NIS or LDAP to retrieve
#passwords:
#PersistentPasswd off

#Uncomment this if you would use TLS module:
#TLSEngine    on

#Uncomment this if you would use quota module:
#Quotas      on

#Uncomment this if you would use ratio module:
#Ratios      on

# Port 21 is the standard FTP port.
Port        21

#To prevent DoS attacks, set the maximum number of child
#processes
#to 30.    If you need to allow more than 30 concurrent
#connections
#at once, simply increase this value. Note that this ONLY #works
#in standalone mode, in inetd mode you should use an inetd
#server
```

---

```
DenyFilter  \ *.* /

# Uncomment this if you are using NIS or LDAP to retrieve
#passwords:
#PersistentPasswd  off

#Uncomment this if you would use TLS module:
#TLSEngine      on

#Uncomment this if you would use quota module:
#Quotas        on

#Uncomment this if you would use ratio module:
#Ratios        on

# Port 21 is the standard FTP port.
Port          21

#To prevent DoS attacks, set the maximum number of child
#processes
#to 30.  If you need to allow more than 30 concurrent
#connections
#at once, simply increase this value.  Note that this ONLY #works
#in standalone mode, in inetd mode you should use an inetd
#server
#that allows you to limit maximum number of processes per #
#service
#(such as xinetd)
MaxInstances  30

#Set the user and group that the server normally runs at.
User         nobody
```

```
Group    nogroup

#Umask 022 is a good standard umask to prevent new files and
#dirs
#(second parm) from being group and world writable.
#Umask    022  022
#Normally, we want files to be overwriteable.
#AllowOverwrite  on

#Delay engine reduces impact of the so-called Timing Attack
#described in
#http://security.lss.hr/index.php?page=details&ID=LSS-2004-#10-02
#It is on by default.
#DelayEngine    off

# A basic anonymous configuration, no upload directories.

<Anonymous ~ftp>
  User    ftp
  Group   nogroup
#We want clients to be able to login with "anonymous" as well #as
#"ftp"

  UserAlias  anonymous ftp

#Cosmetic changes, all files belongs to ftp user

  DirFakeUser on ftp
  DirFakeGroup on ftp
  RequireValidShell off
#
#Limit the maximum number of anonymous logins

  MaxClients  10

#We want 'welcome.msg' displayed at login, and '.message'
#displayed
#in each newly chdired directory.

  DisplayLogin  welcome.msg
  DisplayFirstChdir  .message

#Limit WRITE everywhere in the anonymous chroot
```

---

```

    DirFakeUser on ftp
    DirFakeGroup on ftp
    RequireValidShell off
#
#Limit the maximum number of anonymous logins

    MaxClients 10

#We want 'welcome.msg' displayed at login, and '.message'
#displayed
#in each newly chdired directory.

    DisplayLogin welcome.msg
    DisplayFirstChdir .message

#Limit WRITE everywhere in the anonymous chroot

    <Directory *>
        <Limit WRITE>
            DenyAll
        </Limit>
    </Directory>

#
# # Uncomment this if you're brave.
# # <Directory incoming>
# # # Umask 022 is a good standard umask to prevent new
# # # files and dirs
# # # (second parm) from being group and world writable.
# # # Umask 022 022
# # # <Limit READ WRITE>
# # # DenyAll
# # # </Limit>
# # # <Limit STOR>
# # # AllowAll
# # # </Limit>
# # # </Directory>
#

```

```
</Anonymous>
```

Konfigurasi diatas adalah untuk memberikan rule-rule pada client yang akan melakukan ftp pada computer server, pada konfigurasi diatas anonymous diperbolehkan untuk melakukan ftp ke server ftp yang ditunjukkan pada konfigurasi berikut :

```
<Anonymous ~ftp>
user          ftp
group         nogroup
userAlias     anonymous ftp
RequireValidShell off
MaxClients   10
DisplayLogin  welcome.msg
DisplayFirstChdir .message
<Directory>
  <Limit WRITE>
  </Limit WRITE>
</Directory>
<Directory incoming>
Umask        022 022
  <Limit READ WRITE>
#   DenyAll
  </Limit>

  <Limit STOR>
#   AllowAll
  </Limit>
</Directory>
</Anonymous>
```

Pada konfigurasi anonymous diatas adalah untuk memberikan izin kepada siapa saja yang ingin melakukan ftp ke komputer ftp server, folder atau file yang diperbolehkan diakses berada pada

```
        <Limit STOR>
#       AllowAll
        </Limit>
</Directory>
</Anonymous>
```

Pada konfigurasi anonymous diatas adalah untuk memberikan izin kepada siapa saja yang ingin melakukan ftp ke komputer ftp server, folder atau file yang diperbolehkan diakses berada pada

## 2. *Konfigurasi pada komputer client*

Pada computer cliet tidak diperlukan mngkonfigurasi file melainkan hanya menginstal paket ftp, untuk itu pada computer client lakukan prosedur sebagai berikut :

a. cek IP address

```
#ifconfig
```

b. cek FTP client sudah terinstall atau belum

```
#dpkg -l | grep ftp
```

c. jika paket ftp client belum terinstall maka install paket ftp dengan perintah :

```
#apt-get install ftp
```

Dengan melakukan procedure diatas computer client selanjutnya dapat melakukan ftp ke computer, untuk melakukan ftp dari computer client ke computer server lakukan procedure berikut :

- misalnya IP dari computer ftp server adalah 10.252.108.12 maka lakukan perintah FTP sebagai berikut :



```
#ftp 10.252.108.12
connected to 10.252.108.12 . comnet, eepis-its.edu
220proFTPD 1.2.10 server (debian) (10.252.108.12)
name (10.252.108.12 : root) : anonymous
331 guest login OK, send your complete e-mail as
password
password:
331 password required for harun
231 user anonymous logged in
remote system is UNIX
using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp>ls
200 PORT command successful
150 opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
drwx----- ftp (?) 4096 Jan 16 04:17 master
drwx----- ftp (?) 4096 Jan 17 03:47 network
drwx----- ftp (?) 4096 Jan 16 03:45
Multimedia
drwx----- ftp (?) 4096 Jan 20 07:23 driver
drwx----- ftp (?) 4096 Jan 16 03:44 video
226 transfer complete
```

- untuk keluar dari ftp lakukan perintah sebagai berikut

```
ftp>quit
```

3. Pada penerapan FTP diatas adalah dilakukan oleh computer client dengan login sebagai anonymous, jika kita ingin melakukan ftp pada computer server dengan login tertentu sebagai user pada computer FTP server maka pada computer server harus dibuat user account untuk client dengan cara :

```
#adduser (user name)
#adduser harun
Adding user harun...
Adding new group harun(1000).
Adding new user harun (1000) with group harun.
Creating home director /home/harun.
Copyng files from /etc/skel
Enter the new value,or press return for the default
  Full Name []:
  Room Number []:
  Work Phone []:
  Home Phone []:
  Other []:
Is the information correct? [y/n] y
```

Dari computer client dikoneksikan ke server dengan cara login menggunakan user yang telah dibuat oleh server.

```
#ftp (IP Server)
misal : #ftp 10.252.108.12
connected to 10.252.108.12 . comnet, eepis-its.edu
```

```
220proFTPD 1.2.10 server (debian) (10.252.108.12)
name (10.252.108.12 : root) : harun
331 password required for harun
230 user harun logged in
remote system is UNIX
using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp>ls
200 PORT command successful
150 opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
-rwx----- harun (?) 600 Jan 16 04:17 tes.c
-rw-r-r--- harun (?) 0 Jan 17 03:47 tes.tes
drwxr-xr-x harun (?) 4096 Jan 16 03:45 Chat
drwx----- harun (?) 4096 Jan 20 07:23 Data
drwxr-xr-x harun (?) 4096 Jan 16 03:44
public_html
226 transfer complete
ftp>quit
```

Buat file dengan perintah

```
#vi (nama file)
```

- Upload file dengan perintah :  
ftp>mput (nama file)
- Mengambil file dari FTP server :  
  
ftp>mget (nama file)

```
(username) hero
331 Password required for hero.
Password:
230 User hero logged in.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
drwxrwxrwx  4 ftp      ftp           4096 Aug 31 11:38 Desktop
-rw-r--r--  1 ftp      ftp            101 Apr 29 19:17 catatan
-rw-r--r--  1 ftp      ftp             35 Apr 29 19:17 catatan~
drwxr-xr-x  4 ftp      ftp           4096 Sep  3 02:57 jaringan
-rw-r--r--  1 ftp      ftp          161792 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.doc
-rw-r--r--  1 ftp      ftp          44784 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.pdf
drwxr-xr-x  2 ftp      ftp           4096 May 14 08:10 public_html
-rw-r--r--  1 ftp      ftp           8729 Nov 18  2008 test.pdf
226 Transfer complete.
ftp> get test.pdf
local: test.pdf remote: test.pdf
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for test.pdf (8729 bytes)
226 Transfer complete.
8729 bytes received in 0.11 secs (75.1 kB/s)
ftp> quit
221 Goodbye.
debian:~# ls
ipl.sh ip.sh itb.sh share.sh test.pdf unshare.sh
debian:~# rm test.pdf
debian:~#
```

```

debian:~# ls
ipl.sh ip.sh itb.sh share.sh unshare.sh
debian:~# ftp localhost
Connected to localhost.
220 ProFTPD 1.3.0 Server (Debian) [127.0.0.1]
Name (localhost:root): hero
331 Password required for hero.
Password:
230 User hero logged in.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
drwxrwxrwx  4 hero      hero          4096 Aug 31 11:38 Desktop
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero           101 Apr 29 19:17 catatan
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero            35 Apr 29 19:17 catatan~
drwxr-xr-x  4 hero      hero          4096 Sep  3 02:57 jaringan
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero        161792 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.doc
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero        44784 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.pdf
drwxr-xr-x  2 hero      hero          4096 May 14 08:10 public_html
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero          8729 Nov 18  2008 test.pdf
226 Transfer complete.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/hero" is current directory.
ftp> put ip.sh
local: ip.sh remote: ip.sh
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for ip.sh
226 Transfer complete.
99 bytes sent in 0.00 secs (531.2 kB/s)
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for file list
drwxrwxrwx  4 hero      hero          4096 Aug 31 11:38 Desktop
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero           101 Apr 29 19:17 catatan
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero            35 Apr 29 19:17 catatan~
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero            99 Sep  9 09:29 ip.sh
drwxr-xr-x  4 hero      hero          4096 Sep  3 02:57 jaringan
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero        161792 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.doc
-rw-r--r--  1 hero      hero        44784 Nov 18  2008 proposal-3.pdf

```

4. Pada contoh procedure akses server ftp diatas dilakukan oleh client yang memiliki sistem operasi unix, jika client windows ingin melakukan ftp ke computer ftp server maka prosesnya adalah sama dengan procedure yang dilakukan oleh sistem operasi unix, yaitu dengan mengetikkan perintah

*FTP <IP\_FTP\_SERVER> pada command prompt (C:\) atau pada browser (misalnya IE) ketikkan pada address dengan perintah FTP://<IP\_FTP\_SERVER>*

- Contoh FTP dari computer client dengan sistem operasi windows yang melakukan FTP ke computer FTP server dengan sistem operasi UNIX base menggunakan command prompt C:\

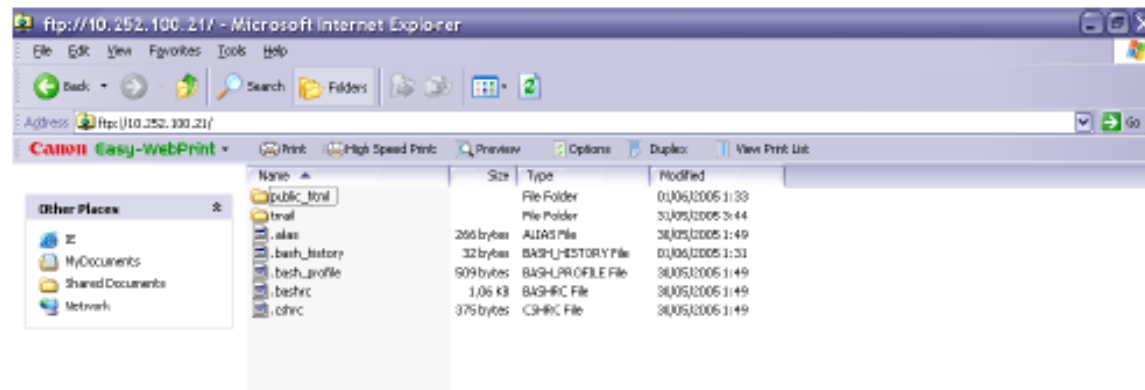
Click tombol START > RUN kemudian ketikkan cmd dan tekan enter atau klik tombol OK.

Selanjutnya akan tampil command prompt yang defaultnya berwarna hitam, kemudian ketikkan perintah sebagai berikut untuk melakukan FTP ke computer server (misalnya IP computer FTP server adalah 10.252.100.21)

```
C:\>ftp 10.252.100.21
Connected to 10.252.100.21.
220 localhost FTP server (Version 6.4/OpenBSD/Linux-ftpd-
0.17) ready.
User (10.252.100.21:(none)): harun
```



Setelah username dan password yang kita berikan adalah valid maka akan ditampilkan data-data pada halaman browser sebagai berikut :



# Latihan Soal

1. Jelaskan kegunaan dari FTP !
2. Bagaimana cara kerja FTP !
3. Cari di internet jenis nama paket instalasi FTP !
4. Sebutkan fungsi yang dimiliki oleh FTP !